



ماعت للسلام والتنمية وحقوق الإنسان
Maat For Peace, Development, and Human Rights



Index of Human Rights Council Member States

(First Edition)

Issued by: Maat for Peace, Development, and Human Rights
2025

Preamble

United Nations Human Rights Council is currently navigating a critical phase, facing limitations in its influence and struggling to fulfill its fundamental tasks as outlined in General Assembly resolution 60/251. If this situation persists, it may undermine the Council's utility as an international mechanism for the protection and promotion of human rights. However, reforming this vital structure requires the determination and political will of the Council's member states, as well as that of the United Nations as a whole.

When former UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan proposed the establishment of a Human Rights Council in 2005, aimed at replacing the discredited Commission on Human Rights, he could not foresee that the Council would confront similar challenges nearly two decades later. Evidence of the Council's declining effectiveness is apparent through issues such as non-competitive elections, double standards among member states, and a lack of adequate funding, all of which adversely affect its efficiency. As of December 31, 2022, 123 countries have served on the Council, reflecting its diverse membership. Yet, approximately 70 countries remain hesitant to seek membership, indicating a lack of recognition of its value.

Despite these challenges, there is hope for preserving the gains achieved since the Council's establishment. The momentum created by the adoption of the Charter for the Future under General Assembly resolution 79/1, which emphasizes the Council's role in fostering a safe environment for human rights protection, is encouraging. Additionally, the four resolutions on women's rights adopted during the 56th session of the Council represent significant steps toward preventing violence and discrimination against women, demonstrating the Council's commitment to furthering women's rights.

The launch of "Human Rights Council Member States Index" is a culmination of extensive discussions and in-depth research by **Maat for Peace, Development and Human Rights**. This index is informed by Maat's consistent participation in the Council's activities since obtaining consultative status with UN Economic and Social Council in 2016. The index is designed to be flexible, allowing for updates based on technical feedback or proposals.

This index aims to evaluate the performance of member states of the Human Rights Council and measure effectiveness of their commitment to international human rights standards. The focus is on the performance of member states, as they are the main actors in international relations, which played a pivotal role in drafting international human rights instruments. However, we find that some states have begun to deviate from these commitments, which imposes the need for an objective and effective assessment tool such as this index.

We hope this indicator will enhance the performance of member states within the Council and increase the effectiveness of this body in promoting and protecting human rights globally. Addressing the structural and financial challenges confronting the Council, alongside enhancing funding for its human rights initiatives, will contribute to improved efficiency and benefit all international communities.

In closing, I hope to move away from my previous sentiment regarding the Council's limitations—specifically, that “the Council does not have sticks for those who disobey”—and instead embrace the hope that the Council will transcend its current challenges and play a pivotal role in advancing human rights, free from politicization and double standards.

Ayman Okeil

Chairman of Maat for Peace, Development and Human Rights

Introduction

Human Rights Council is an international body affiliated with the United Nations General Assembly, tasked with promoting and protecting human rights and fundamental freedoms globally. Established on March 15, 2006, by General Assembly Resolution No. 60/251, it replaced the Human Rights Commission after former Secretary-General Kofi Annan recognized the latter's declining performance and credibility, which adversely affected the United Nations' reputation. The creation of the Council was part of broader reform efforts within the organization.

Comprising 47 member states elected by General Assembly through secret ballot, the Council's membership reflects a fair geographical distribution among the regional groups recognized by United Nations. Each member serves a three-year term and may not be re-elected directly after two consecutive terms. General Assembly retains the authority to suspend the membership of any state committing serious human rights violations, as demonstrated in rare cases involving Libya and Russia.

As a subsidiary body of General Assembly, the Human Rights Council is subject to evaluation before the end of 2026, with the potential for greater independence. Maat supports this evaluation, believing it could positively impact the Council independence and efficiency.

The Council establishment raised significant hopes, particularly among civil society organizations, as it was seen as an opportunity to improve the global human rights situation and achieve a better balance among the UN's three pillars: human rights, peace and security, and development. However, nearly two decades after its inception, the Council has yet to realize its goals, facing limitations in influence and shortcomings in member performance.

In this context, Maat recognizes the need for indicators to measure the effectiveness of member states within the Council, aiming to prevent the use of membership solely as a means to enhance external image. Maat has developed five sub-indicators to evaluate member performance, serving as a foundational tool to assess the Council progress in fulfilling its mandate. These indicators seek to enhance the Council's effectiveness and address the gaps that hinder its operations, especially in light of the increasing challenges to human rights worldwide.

Why This Indicator?

Human Rights Council serves as the primary body for promoting human rights on an international scale. Consequently, it garners significant attention from civil society organizations, particularly those with consultative status linked to the Economic and Social Council. This interest extends beyond mere participation in the Council's activities; it encompasses monitoring the performance of its 47 member states and identifying challenges that affect the Council efficiency and effectiveness.

Maat observation of Human Rights Council sessions has revealed that some countries exploit their membership to project a misleading image of their human rights records or to deflect criticism while unjustly criticizing others. In response, Maat has developed this index to evaluate the performance of Council member states. It considers the motivations behind these countries' nominations and their interactions during various Council sessions.

The index first edition covers three sessions of the Human Rights Council in 2024: 55th Regular Session: 26 February - 5 April 2024; 56th Regular Session: 18 June - 12 July 2024; 57th Regular Session: 9 September - 11 October 2024.

Objectives of Index:

- Evaluate performance of member states and their adherence to voluntary pledges.
- Identify gaps that hinder Human Rights Council efficiency.
- Propose initiatives to address shortcomings in the Council operations.
- Highlight disparities in member states' performance based on UN geographical classification.
- Provide practical recommendations to encourage member states to implement improvements.

Factors Facilitating Preparation of This Index

- Nearly two decades of accumulated experience by Maat in engaging with international human rights mechanisms.
- Capability to apply sub-indicators and related elements consistently across all member states.
- Access to objective, evidence-based information regarding the performance of Human Rights Council member states.

Methodology

The Index of Member States of the Human Rights Council employs a methodology based on five core sub-indicators, along with additional criteria to assess the performance and effectiveness of the 47 member states.

Sub-Indicator	Number of Points Allocated
Decision Sponsorship	20
Participation in Events	20
Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiative	20
Contribution to Budget	20
State Contribution to Promoting Human Rights	20

The criterion of reporting to treaty bodies was excluded from index, as the Council is a non-contractual mechanism.

First Sub-Indicator: Sponsorship of Resolutions

Each member state is awarded: 5 points for submitting three or more draft resolutions that gain the confidence of a majority of members or for serving as a primary sponsor of these resolutions. An additional 15 points if the total number of resolutions submitted or sponsored exceeds six. A total of 20 points if the number exceeds seven. **It is the total number of full points that can be achieved according to the first sub-indicator.**

Second Sub-Indicator: Active Participation in Council

Participation in Council sessions is a key indicator of member engagement. Therefore, the index will award 15 points to each country that participates in more than 30 oral statements in the Council annual regular sessions:

- 20 points for participation with 50 or more oral statements.
- 15 points for participation with 30 to 49 oral statements.
- 0 points for participation with fewer than 30 oral statements.

Third Sub-indicator: Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives

Under Human Rights Council resolution 60/251, voluntary pledges made by member states prior to candidacy are considered valuable. The points system is as follows:

- 5 points for each state that submits voluntary pledges prior to membership.
- 5 points for each country that interacts once with special procedures during the reporting period (e.g., requesting or accepting a visit).
- 10 points for countries that interact more than once (e.g., requesting or accepting two visits).
- 5 additional points for positive interactions with communications received from special procedures.

The total possible points for this sub-indicator is 20 points. If a country does not receive communications from special procedures, it will still receive the 5 points allocated for its voluntary pledges, indicating that the human rights situation may not require intervention.

Fourth Sub-indicator: Contribution to United Nations Budget

Each member state is required to pay its share of the UN's regular budget, as outlined in Article 17, Chapter IV, paragraph 2 of the UN Charter. Contributions finance the human rights pillar and the activities of the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights. The points system is as follows:

- **20 points** for timely submission of assessed contributions.
- **10 points** for late submission of contributions that are eventually paid.
- **0 points** for failure to pay contributions.

This sub-indicator aims to reflect the financial commitment of member states to the UN human rights agenda.

Fifth Sub-Indicator: Country Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights

According to Human Rights Council Resolution No. 60/251, member states must consider the contribution of candidate states to the promotion of human rights when selecting members of the Council. The sub-requirements to achieve full points under this indicator are as follows:

- **5 points** if the country has a national human rights strategy or plan.
- **5 points** if the country has a parliament elected by the people.
- **5 points** if the country accepted more than 75% of the recommendations presented during its last review in the review mechanism.
- **5 points** if the country has a national human rights institution that complies with the Paris Principles.

Maat evaluated the effectiveness of member states in the Human Rights Council based on the total points earned by each country.

Total Score	Performance Index
Less than 50 points	Weak
Exactly 50 points	Limited Impact
More than 50 up to 60 points	Moderate Impact
From 65 to 75 points	Acceptable Effectiveness
From 80 to 100 points	High Effectiveness

Key Findings
































- Member States voted on 91 resolutions during the three sessions of the Human Rights Council in 2024. The 57th session saw the highest number of resolutions adopted at 37, followed by the 56th session with 32 resolutions, and only 22 resolutions in the 55th session.
- Forty-seven Member States participated with oral statements across the three sessions in 2024. Without the support from the Trust Fund for the Participation of Least Developed Countries and Small Island Developing States, established in 2012, six Member States would not have been able to participate.

















Support from Trust Fund for Participation of Least Developed Countries	Participating Countries Supported by Fund
57th Cycle	Benin - Bangladesh - Burundi - Maldives - Somalia Gambia
56th Cycle	
55th Cycle	

- Among the Member States that paid their assessed contributions, **seven countries** had not paid their share by the due date of **February 8, 2024**. This includes four countries from the African Group, two from the Latin American and Caribbean Group, and the United States from the Western Europe and Other Group. Notably, the United States, which is the largest contributor to UN budget, with a share of 22% of the total budget according to the latest estimates for 2023, has not paid its share of the UN budget in 2024.
- **Forty member states** contributed **\$1.831 billion** to the United Nations regular budget in 2024, out of a total of **\$3.6 billion** of total regular budget of United Nations, excluding the peacekeeping budget and certain other activities funded outside regular budget. Contributions from member states to the Council represent **51%** of the total regular budget
- **United States** received the most communications from the special procedures, totalling **73** in 2024, but responded to only **22**, accounting for **30.1%** of the total communications. Consequently, it did not earn any points for positively interacting with the communications received.
- Gambia and Morocco achieved the highest scores in the African group, with 80 and 65 points, respectively, marking Gambia's performance as highly effective and Morocco's as effective.

- In 2024, 42 member states of the Human Rights Council made voluntary pledges upon their nomination. Notably, the five countries that did not submit voluntary pledges—Benin, Burundi, Gambia, Ghana, and Somalia—are all from the African group.
- Indonesia, a member state, partnered with a non-member state in 2024 to rationalize initiatives and activities arising from resolutions adopted by the Human Rights Council. However, this direction only minimally reduced the number of initiatives and activities.
- The participation of least developed countries and small island developing states in the Council remains weak, largely due to limited resources, hindering their representation.
- Some member states, including Ghana and Paraguay, emphasized the value of human rights mechanisms and their role in fulfilling international obligations during the Council sessions in 2024.
- Countries from the Global South, particularly those in the African Group, prioritized discussions on economic and social rights. In contrast, Western European countries focused primarily on civil and political rights, with the United States also emphasizing civil and political rights.
- Member states acknowledged the crucial role of the Voluntary Fund for the Universal Periodic Review in providing financial and technical assistance, along with the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Technical Cooperation in the Field of Human Rights.
- Item 10 of the Council’s agenda received widespread agreement among member states, calling for the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights to provide technical assistance and capacity building as needed.
- Seven member states contributed to the adoption of resolution A/HRC/RES/56/5 on July 10, 2024, establishing an open-ended intergovernmental working group on an optional protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child, focusing on the right to early childhood education, free pre-primary education, and free secondary education. The contributing states are Luxembourg, Bulgaria, the Dominican Republic, Gambia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, and Romania.

Table (1) Index of Member States of Human Rights Council

#	State		Performance Evaluation	Total Score
1.	Albania		Moderate Impact	55
2.	Algeria		Moderate Impact	55
3.	Argentina		Weak	25
4.	Bangladesh		Moderate Impact	50
5.	Belgium		Reasonable Effectiveness	75
6.	Benin		Weak	40
7.	Brazil		Reasonable Effectiveness	65
8.	Bulgaria		Reasonable Effectiveness	65
9.	Burundi		Weak	20
10.	Cameroon		Weak	45
11.	Chile		Reasonable Effectiveness	70
12.	China		Moderate Impact	50
13.	Costa Rica		Reasonable Effectiveness	70
14.	Côte d'Ivoire		Moderate Impact	50
15.	Cuba		Reasonable Effectiveness	75
16.	Dominican Republic		Moderate Impact	50
17.	Eritrea		Weak	35
18.	Finland		Moderate Impact	50
19.	France		Reasonable Effectiveness	70
20.	Gambia		High Effectiveness	80
21.	Georgia		Moderate Impact	50
22.	Germany		High Effectiveness	95
23.	Ghana		Moderate Impact	50
24.	Honduras		Moderate Impact	60
25.	India		Moderate Impact	55
26.	Indonesia		Reasonable Effectiveness	65
27.	Japan		Weak	40
28.	Kazakhstan		Weak	45
29.	Kuwait		Reasonable Effectiveness	65
30.	Kyrgyzstan		Weak	45
31.	Lithuania		Weak	45

#	State		Performance Evaluation	Total Score
32.	Luxembourg		Reasonable Effectiveness	75
33.	Malawi		Weak	45
34.	Malaysia		Moderate Impact	55
35.	Maldives		Moderate Impact	60
36.	Montenegro		Weak	30
37.	Morocco		Reasonable Effectiveness	65
38.	Netherlands		Reasonable Effectiveness	70
39.	Paraguay		Moderate Impact	50
40.	Qatar		Weak	45
41.	Romania		Moderate Impact	55
42.	Somalia		Weak	25
43.	South Africa		Moderate Impact	60
44.	Sudan		Weak	40
45.	United Arab Emirates (UAE)		Moderate Impact	55
46.	United States (US)		Moderate Impact	50
47.	Vietnam		Moderate Impact	50

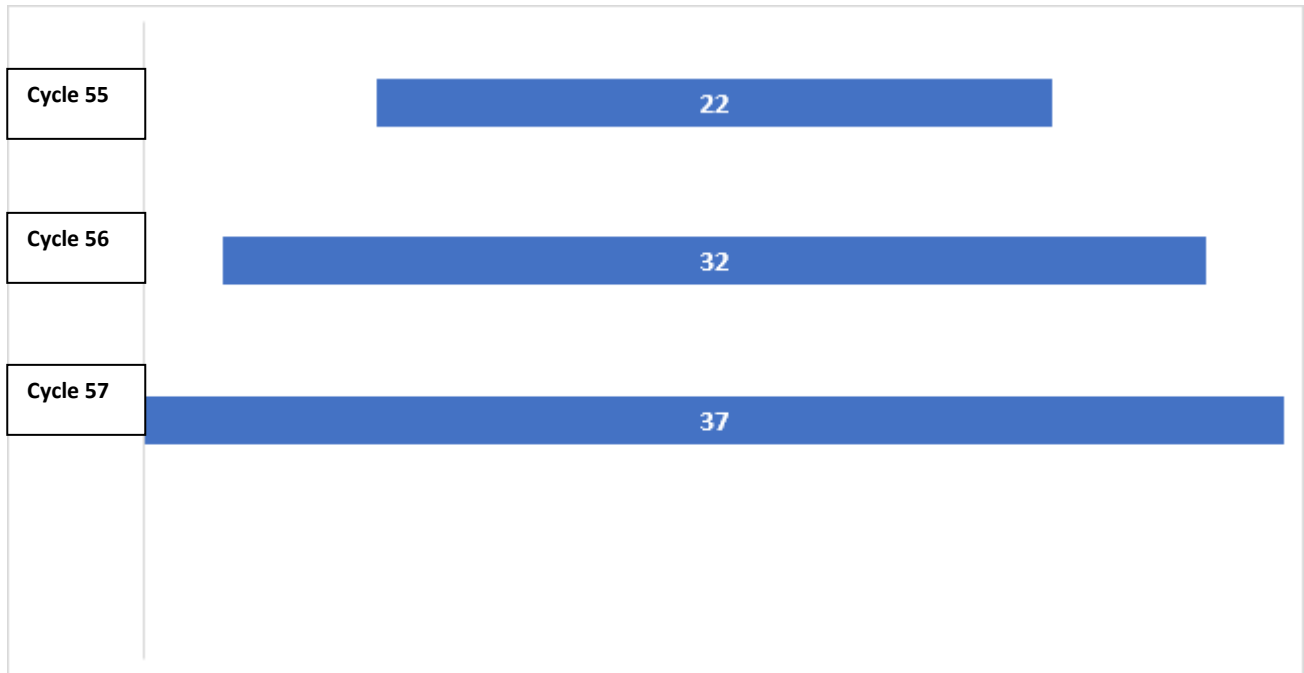
First: Performance of States According to Five Sub-Indicators



1. Performance of States According to Sub-Indicator I: Sponsorship of Resolutions

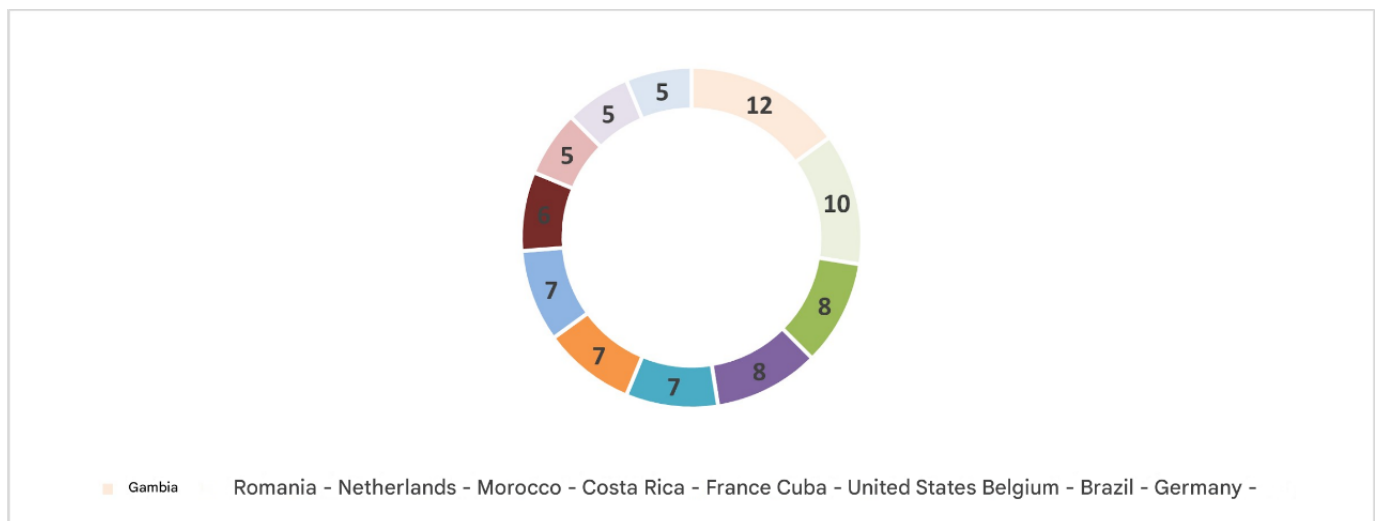
In 2024, Member States of the Human Rights Council adopted a total of 91 resolutions across three sessions. The breakdown of resolutions shows that the 57th session was the most productive, with 37 resolutions adopted, followed by the 56th session with 32 resolutions, and the 55th session, which saw only 22 resolutions.

Figure (1): Number of Decisions Approved in Council Sessions for 2024



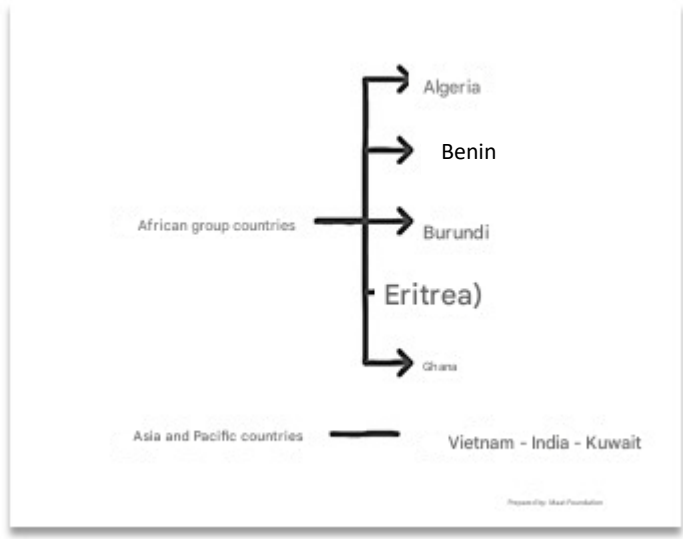
Gambia emerged as the member state that sponsored the most draft resolutions, contributing 12 resolutions, distributed as an average of four resolutions per session. Germany followed closely, sponsoring 10 resolutions, while Brazil and Belgium each sponsored eight resolutions.

Figure (2): Countries with the Most Sponsorship of Resolutions in the Human Rights Council in 2024



Notably, eight member states did not serve as main sponsors for any draft resolutions during the three sessions. These countries included five from the African Group and three from the Asia-Pacific region: Vietnam, India, and Kuwait.

Figure (3): Member States That Did Not Sponsor Any Resolutions During Council Sessions in 2024



Overall, 39 out of the 47 member states were main sponsors of resolutions during the sessions, indicating a significant level of engagement among many countries. The table below shows the number of resolutions sponsored by Member States during 2024

Table (2): Number of Decisions Sponsored by Member States in Human Rights Council

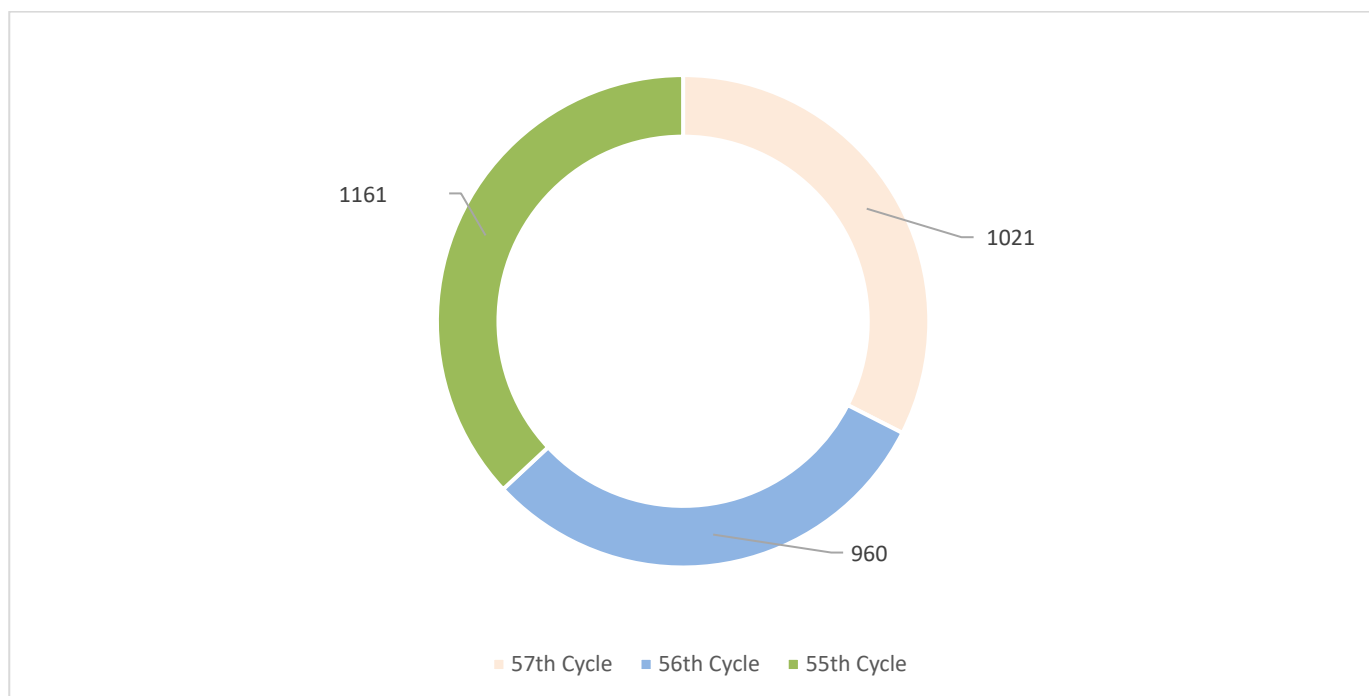
#	State	57 th Cycle	56 th Cycle	55 th Cycle
1.	Albania	0	1	1
2.	Algeria	0	0	0
3.	Argentina	2	0	0
4.	Bangladesh	0	1	1
5.	Belgium	2	1	5
6.	Benin	0	0	0
7.	Brazil	4	2	2
8.	Bulgaria	2	1	0
9.	Burundi	0	0	0
10.	Cameroon	1	0	0
11.	Chile	2	1	2
12.	China	2	0	0
13.	Costa Rica	3	2	1
14.	Côte d'Ivoire	1	0	1
15.	Cuba	2	2	3
16.	Dominican Republic	0	1	2
17.	Eritrea	0	0	0
18.	Finland	2	0	2
19.	France	5	0	2
20.	Gambia	4	4	4

#	State	57 th Cycle	56 th Cycle	55 th Cycle
21.	Georgia	1	0	0
22.	Germany	6	0	4
23.	Ghana	0	0	0
24.	Honduras	2	0	0
25.		0	0	0
26.	India	2	1	1
27.	Indonesia	0	0	1
28.	Japan	2	3	1
29.	Kazakhstan	0	0	0
30.	Kuwait	1	3	0
31.	Kyrgyzstan	2	0	1
32.	Lithuania	2	1	0
33.	Luxembourg	1	0	2
34.	Malawi	0	1	0
35.	Malaysia	0	1	2
36.	Maldives	2	0	0
37.	Montenegro	3	1	1
38.	Morocco	3	1	1
39.	Netherlands	2	1	0
40.	Paraguay	2	0	1
41.	Qatar	4	1	0
42.	Romania	1	0	0
43.	Somalia	2	0	1
44.	South Africa	1	0	1
45.	Sudan	1	1	0
46.	United Arab Emirates (UAE)	4	0	3
47.	United States (US)	0	0	0

2. Performance of States According to Sub-Indicator II: Effective Participation

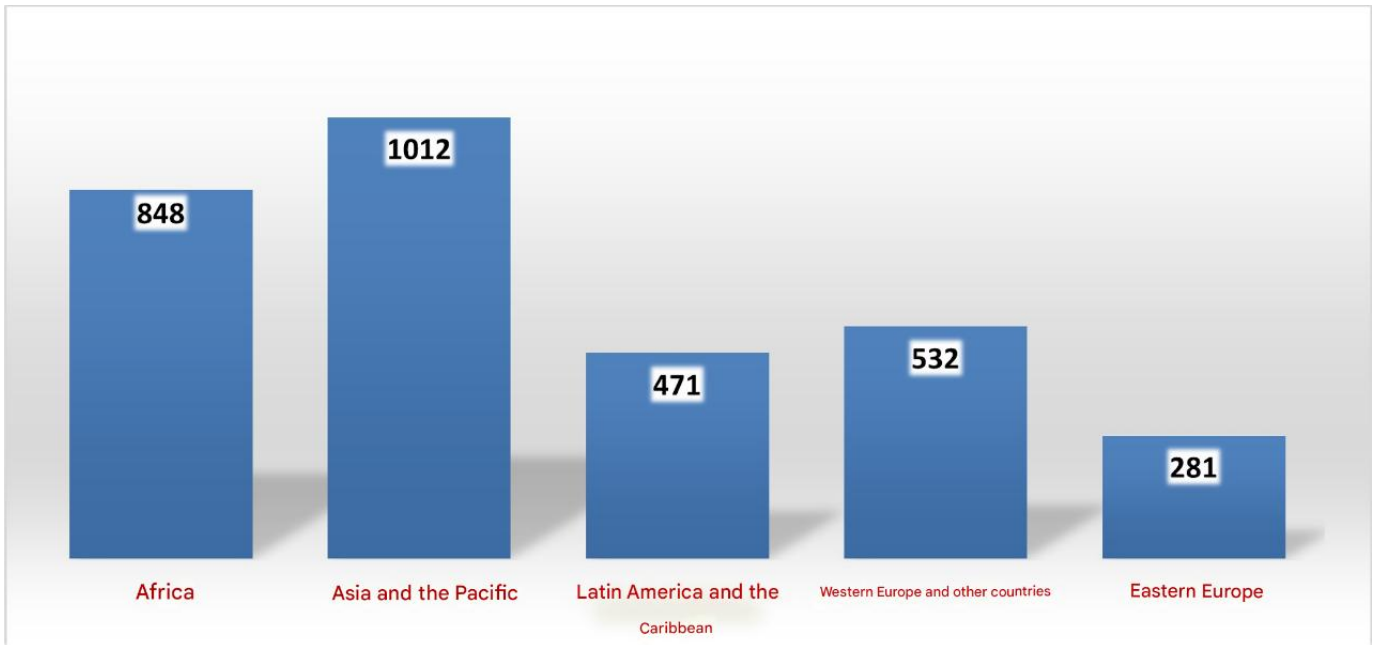
Member States participated in the Human Rights Council with approximately 3,144 oral statements during the sessions in 2024. The 55th session had the highest participation rate, with around 1,163 oral statements, while the 56th session recorded the lowest participation, with approximately 960 oral statements. In the 57th session, member states submitted 1,021 oral statements, either from within the Council or remotely.

Figure (4): Member States Participation in Human Rights Council Sessions



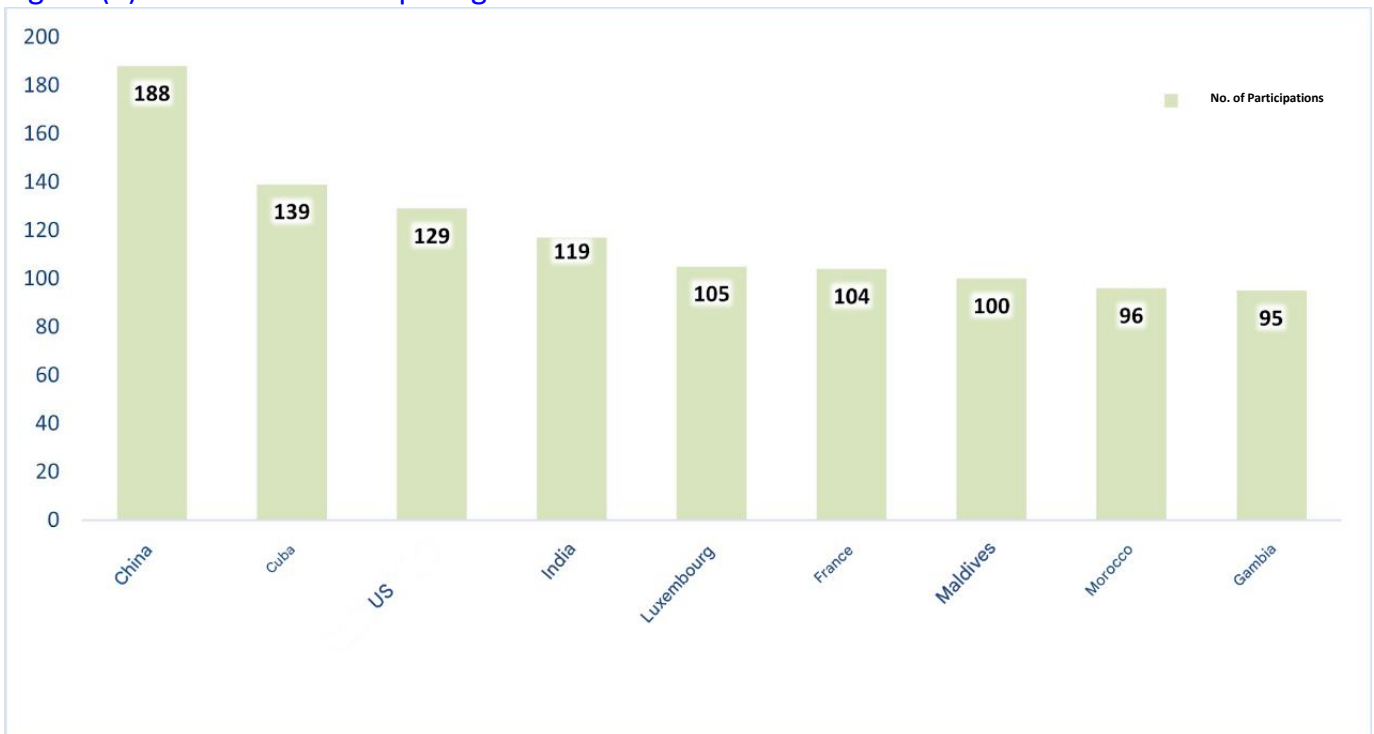
Countries from the Asia-Pacific geographical region led in participation, contributing about 1,012 oral statements, followed by the African Group with around 846 statements. European and Others geographical group provided about 532 statements, while the Latin America and Caribbean group submitted approximately 471 statements. Eastern European regional group contributed the least, with about 281 oral statements.

Figure (5): Geographical Distribution of Member States Participation in Council Sessions



All member states of the Human Rights Council participated in 2024, with China taking the lead by submitting 188 oral statements across the three sessions. It was followed by Cuba, the United States, and India. As shown in Figure 6 below.

Figure (6): Nine Most Participating Countries in Council Sessions



In contrast, Somalia had the least participation in 2024, contributing only five statements throughout the three sessions. Additionally, Eastern European Group was identified as the least participating regional group. The table shows the number of participations of all member states distributed according to the three sessions of the Human Rights Council.

Table (3): Member States Participation in the Human Rights Council

№	State	57th Cycle	56th Cycle	55th Cycle	Participation in General
1.	Albania	20	25	34	79
2.	Algeria	41	34	41	116
3.	Argentina	6	6	10	22
4.	Bangladesh	26	25	28	79
5.	Belgium	23	29	30	82
6.	Benin	9	6	4	19
7.	Brazil	26	18	22	66
8.	Bulgaria	10	9	12	31
9.	Burundi	7	5	12	24
10.	Cameroon	22	30	20	72
11.	Chile	16	16	25	57
12.	China	68	52	68	188
13.	Costa Rica	13	19	29	61
14.	Côte d'Ivoire	12	19	8	39
15.	Cuba	52	36	51	139
16.	Dominican Republic	9	7	14	30
17.	Eritrea	22	19	25	66
18.	Finland	8	5	7	20
19.	France	24	28	52	104
20.	Gambia	21	41	33	95
21.	Georgia	16	17	33	66
22.	Germany	17	12	23	52
23.	Ghana	26	26	12	64
24.	Honduras	22	17	17	56
25.	India	40	35	44	119
26.	Indonesia	34	19	25	78
27.	Japan	15	11	13	39
28.	Kazakhstan	8	8	11	27
29.	Kuwait	23	27	24	74
30.	Kyrgyzstan	4	5	8	17
31.	Lithuania	8	9	10	27
32.	Luxembourg	37	28	40	105

Rank	State	57th Cycle	56th Cycle	55th Cycle	Participation in General
33.	Malawi	28	31	29	88
34.	Malaysia	34	27	25	86
35.	Maldives	33	33	34	100
36.	Montenegro	11	6	13	30
37.	Morocco	26	32	38	96
38.	Netherlands	12	13	15	40
39.	Paraguay	10	15	15	40
40.	Qatar	24	26	32	82
41.	Romania	14	14	20	48
42.	Somalia	2	1	2	5
43.	South Africa	20	27	41	88
44.	Sudan	29	20	27	76
45.	United Arab Emirates (UAE)	25	16	11	52
46.	United States (US)	45	33	51	129
47.	Vietnam	23	23	25	71

3. Performance of Countries According to Third Sub-Indicator: Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives

According to United Nations General Assembly Resolution No. 60/251, which established the Human Rights Council, the voluntary pledges submitted by each country before its candidacy for membership are considered during the nomination process. These voluntary pledges serve as an additional advantage for countries seeking membership, as they reflect a commitment to protecting and promoting human rights. Typically, these pledges are prepared and sent by a country's Permanent Mission to the United Nations in a note verbale addressed to the President of the General Assembly. The contents often highlight the country contributions, achievements, and commitments in the realm of human rights. Subsequently, these notes verbale are circulated as official documents of General Assembly. In 2024, 42 member states of Human Rights Council included in the index submitted voluntary pledges when nominated for membership. However, it is important to note that five countries within the African Group—Benin, Burundi, Gambia, Ghana, and Somalia—did not submit any voluntary pledges.

Table (4): Commitments Submitted by Countries When Nominating for Council Membership

State	Position on Voluntary Commitments	Document of Pledges
Albania	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/66
Algeria	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/516
Argentina	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/66
Bangladesh	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/342
Belgium	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/116
Benin	N/A	-----
Brazil	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/274
Bulgaria	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/78
Burundi	N/A	-----
Cameroon	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/280
Chile	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/79
China	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/75/90
Costa Rica	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/267
Côte d'Ivoire	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/79
Cuba	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/199
Dominican Republic	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/295
Eritrea	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/326
Finland	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/93
France	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/319
Gambia	N/A	-----
Georgia	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/71
Germany	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/301
Ghana	N/A	-----
Honduras	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/138
India	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/195
Indonesia	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/778/313
Japan	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/64
Kazakhstan	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/86
Kuwait	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/193
Kyrgyzstan	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/319
Lithuania	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/85
Luxembourg	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/84
Malawi	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/377
Malaysia	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/83
Maldives	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/355
Montenegro	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/374
Morocco	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/508

State	Position on Voluntary Commitments	Document of Pledges
Netherlands	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/78/94
Paraguay	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/65
Qatar	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/79/64
Romania	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/76
Somalia	N/A	-----
South Africa	Submitted	https://undocs.org/en/A/77/477
Sudan	Submitted	https://undocs.org/en/A/77/348
United Arab Emirates (UAE)	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/95
United States (US)	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/76/353
Vietnam	Submitted	http://undocs.org/en/A/77/276

3.1 Interaction with Country Visits

In 2024, 21 member states of the Human Rights Council engaged with mandate holders under the UN special procedures, which is less than half of the Council total membership. Brazil, Kuwait, and Chile were the most active, each having three interactions with special procedures.

Table (5): Three Most Engaged Countries with Country Visits


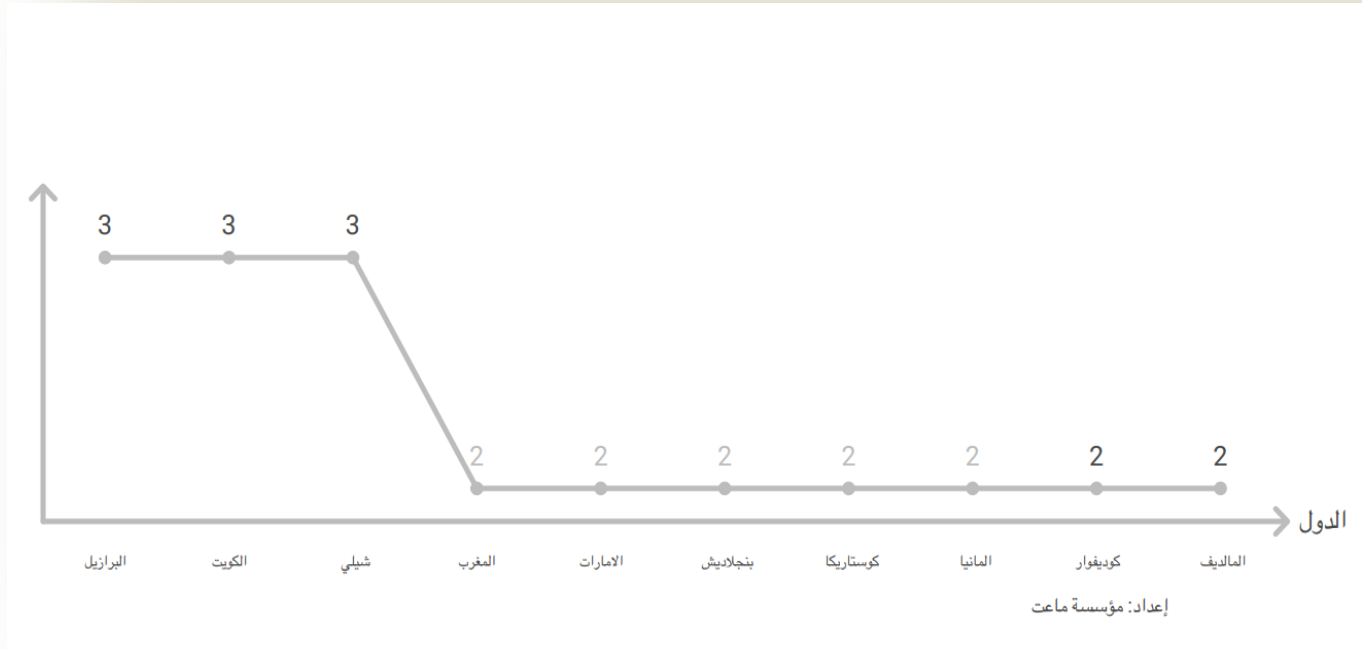
State	Interacting with country visits(2024)
Kuwait 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Agreed to visit Special Rapporteur on Violence Against Women and Girls ○ Set a date to receive Independent Expert on External Debt ○ Accepted visit of Special Rapporteur on Contemporary Forms of Slavery
Brazil 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Received the Special Rapporteur on Contemporary Forms of Slavery ○ Agreed to visit of Special Rapporteur on Truth, Justice, and Reparation ○ Agreed to visit of Special Rapporteur on Extreme Poverty
Chile 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Received Special Rapporteur on Cultural Rights ○ Received Special Rapporteur on Independence of Judges and Lawyers ○ Agreed to visit of Special Rapporteur on Right to Health

Figure (7): Most Engaged Member States with Country Visits in 2024



Tracking Tool for Member States Engagement with Special Procedures Country Visits indicates that 26 member states did not request country visits during the year, nor did they accept visits requested by special rapporteurs, independent experts, and working groups. The table below shows interaction of Council Member States with Special Procedures in 2024.

Table (6): Member States Interaction with Country Visits in 2024

#	State	Times Interacting with Special Procedures	Mandate Holders with Whom the Country Interacted
1.	Albania	1	○ Independent Expert on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity
2.	Algeria	0	×
3.	Argentina	1	○ Special Rapporteur on the Independence of Judges and Lawyers
4.	Bangladesh	2	○ Special Rapporteur on the Human Rights Situation in Myanmar ○ Special Rapporteur on the Right to Peaceful Assembly and Association
5.	Belgium	0	×
6.	Benin	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Human Rights and the Fight Against Terrorism
7.	Brazil	3	○ Special Rapporteur on Contemporary Forms of Racism

#	State	Times Interacting with Special Procedures	Mandate Holders with Whom the Country Interacted
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Truth, Justice, and Reparation ○ Special Rapporteur on Extreme Poverty
8.	Bulgaria	0	×
9.	Burundi	0	×
10.	Cameroon	0	×
11.	Chile	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Cultural Rights ○ Special Rapporteur on Independence of Judges and Lawyers ○ Special Rapporteur on Right to Health
12.	China	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Unilateral Coercive Measures
13.	Costa Rica	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Human Rights and Hazardous Waste ○ Special Rapporteur on Right to Privacy ○ Refused the visit of Special Rapporteur on Minority Issues
14.	Ivory Coast (Côte d'Ivoire)	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Working Group on Mercenaries ○ Special Rapporteur on Human Rights and the Fight Against Terrorism
15.	Cuba	0	×
16.	Dominican Republic	1	○ Working Group on Discrimination Against Women and Girls
17.	Eritrea	0	×
18.	Finland	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Truth and Reparation
19.	France	0	×
20.	Gambia	0	×
21.	Georgia	0	×
22.	Germany	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Sale of Children and Sexual Exploitation ○ Special Rapporteur on Right to Development
23.	Ghana	0	×
24.	Honduras	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Development (from 11 November 2024 to 21 November 2024)
25.	India	0	×
26.	Indonesia	0	×

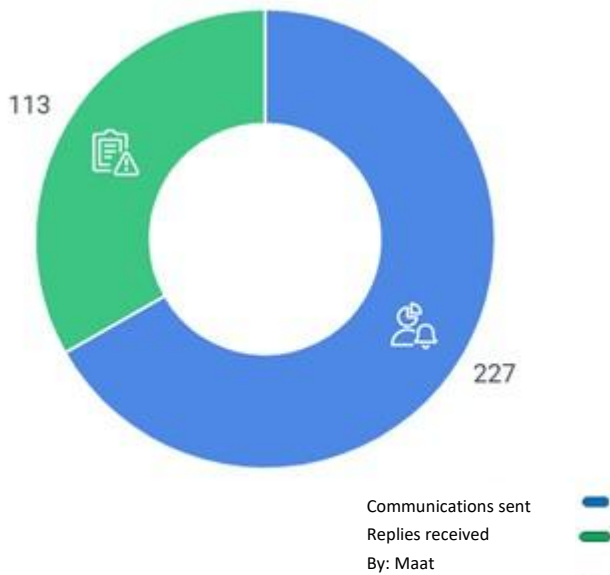
#	State	Times Interacting with Special Procedures	Mandate Holders with Whom the Country Interacted
27.	Japan	0	×
28.	Kazakhstan	0	×
29.	Kuwait	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Working Group on Violence Against Women and Girls ○ Special Rapporteur on Contemporary Forms of Slavery ○ Independent Expert on Foreign Debt
30.	Kyrgyzstan	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Disability
31.	Lithuania	1	○ Working Group on Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances
32.	Luxembourg	1	○ Special Rapporteur on Extreme Poverty and Human Rights
33.	Malawi	0	×
34.	Malaysia	1	○ Independent Expert on Enjoyment of All Human Rights by Older Persons
35.	Maldives	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Democratic International System ○ Special Rapporteur on Environment (16 to 25 April 2024)
36.	Montenegro	0	×
37.	Morocco	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Persons with Leprosy (Hansen's Disease) and Their Families ○ Special Rapporteur on Extreme Poverty and Human Rights
38.	Netherlands	0	×
39.	Paraguay	0	×
40.	Qatar	0	×
41.	Romania	0	×
42.	Somalia	0	×
43.	South Africa	0	×
44.	Sudan	0	×
45.	UAE (United Arab Emirates)	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Special Rapporteur on Violence Against Women and Girls ○ Special Rapporteur on Sale of Children and Sexual Exploitation

#	State	Times Interacting with Special Procedures	Mandate Holders with Whom the Country Interacted
46.	United States	0	×
47.	Vietnam	0	×

2.3 Engagement with Communications from Special Procedures

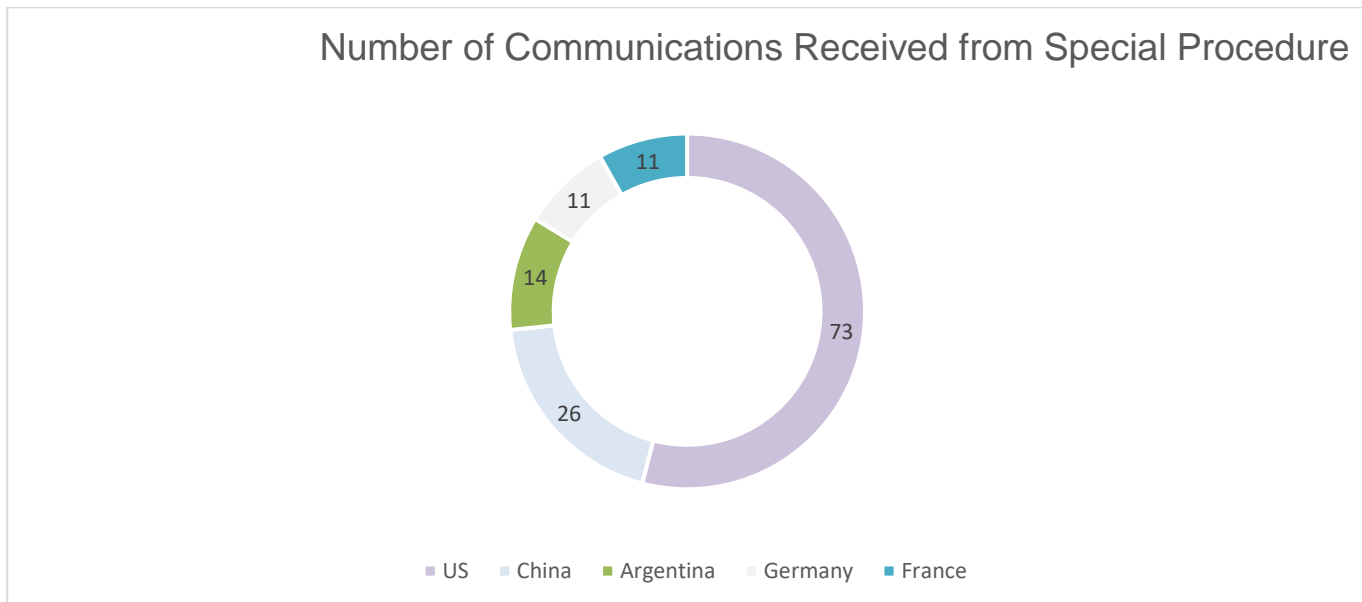
During 2024, 36 member states of the Human Rights Council received a total of 227 communications from special procedures, while 11 states did not receive any communications. Among the 36 states that did receive communications, only 28 responded, leaving eight countries that ignored these communications.

Figure (8): Interaction of Member States with Communications Received from Special Procedures



United States was the most frequently communicated with, receiving 73 communications and responding to only 22, which represents 30.1% of the total. China followed with 26 communications, while Argentina, Germany, and France also received notable numbers, as shown in Figure 9 below.

Figure (9): Countries Most Receiving Communications from Special Procedures



Remarkably, the five countries that received the most communications accounted for 135 communications, representing 59.5% of the total communications received by the 36 member states of the Human Rights Council. This data underscores the varying levels of engagement among member states with special procedures and highlights areas where improvement is needed.

Table (7): Countries Stance on Communications Received from Special Procedures

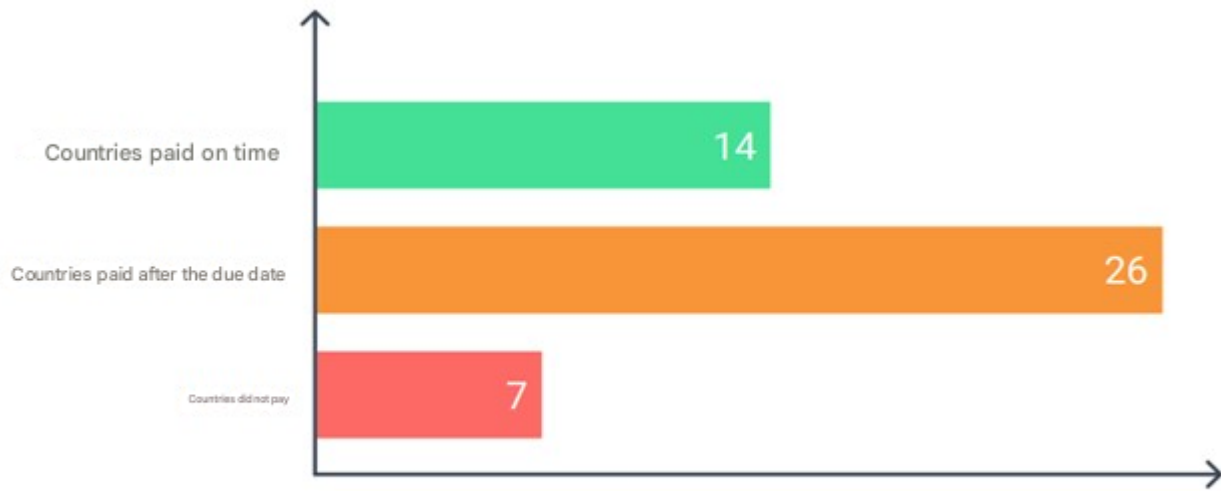
#	State	Number of Communications in 2024	Interacting with Communications
1.	Albania	1	0
2.	Algeria	3	1
3.	Argentina	14	10
4.	Bangladesh	5	4
5.	Belgium	0	0
6.	Benin	0	0
7.	Brazil	7	7
8.	Bulgaria	1	1
9.	Burundi	1	0
10.	Cameroon	0	0
11.	Chile	3	3
12.	China	26	10
13.	Costa Rica	2	2
14.	Ivory Coast (Côte d'Ivoire)	0	0

#	State	Number of Communications in 2024	Interacting with Communications
15	Cuba	3	2
16	Dominican Republic	0	0
17	Eritrea	0	0
18	Finland	0	0
19	France	11	6
20	Gambia	1	0
21	Georgia	3	0
22	Germany	11	7
23	Ghana	0	0
24	Honduras	3	3
25	India	8	2
26	Indonesia	10	5
27	Japan	3	3
28	Kazakhstan	3	3
29	Kuwait	1	1
30	Kyrgyzstan	3	2
31	Lithuania	0	0
32	Luxembourg	0	0
33	Malawi	2	0
34	Malaysia	3	3
35	Maldives	1	1
36	Montenegro	2	2
37	Morocco	1	1
38	Netherlands	1	1
39	Paraguay	2	1
40	Qatar	1	0
41	Romania	0	0
42	Somalia	2	1
43	South Africa	3	3
44	Sudan	6	0
45	UAE (United Arab Emirates)	3	2
46	United States	73	22
47	Vietnam	4	4

4. Performance of Countries According to Fourth Sub-Indicator: Contribution to Budget

Of the 47 member states of the Human Rights Council, only 14 countries paid their due contributions to the human rights budget in 2024, representing approximately 29.8% of the total membership. In contrast, 26 countries failed to pay their contributions by the deadline of February 8, 2024.

Figure (10): Countries Stance on the United Nations Regular Budget



Prepared by: Maat Foundation

Additionally, there were seven other countries that did not contribute to the United Nations budget, thereby affecting the financing of the human rights pillar and the activities of the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, which serves as the Council secretariat.

Figure (11): Countries That Have Not Submitted Their Share in United Nations Regular Budget



Two significant observations arise from this data. First, among the member states that did provide the required contributions to the regular United Nations budget, seven countries failed to pay their shares. This group includes four countries from the African Group, two from the Latin American and Caribbean Geographical Group, and the United States from the Western European and Others Geographical Group. Second, it is noteworthy that the United States, the largest contributor to the United Nations budget with an estimated share of 22% of the total regular budget, did not fulfill its payment obligations in 2024.

Table (8): Contributions of Member States to United Nations Regular Budget

#	State	State Contribution to United Nations Budget 2024 ¹
1.	Albania	252,071
2.	Algeria	3,434,467
3.	Argentina	Not Submitted
4.	Bangladesh	315,089
5.	Belgium	26,089,342
6.	Benin	157,545
7.	Brazil	63,427,349
8.	Bulgaria	1,764,497
9.	Burundi	31,509
10.	Cameroon	Not Submitted

The red color indicates countries that paid after the due date, while the white color represents countries that paid on time. ¹
The black color indicates countries that have not paid their share in the regular budget

#	State	State Contribution to United Nations Budget 2024 ¹
11.	Chile	480,636,257
12.	China	480,636,257
13.	Costa Rica	2,174,111
14.	Ivory Coast (Côte d'Ivoire)	Not Submitted
15.	Cuba	2,993,342
16.	Dominican Republic	2,111,094
17.	Eritrea	31,509
18.	Finland	13,139,198
19.	France	136,055,287
20.	Gambia	31,509
21.	Georgia	252,071
22.	Germany	192,550,687
23.	Ghana	Not Submitted
24.	Honduras	283,580
25.	India	32,895,257
26.	Indonesia	17,298,368
27.	Japan	253,110,729
28.	Kazakhstan	4,190,679
29.	Kuwait	7,373,075
30.	Kyrgyzstan	63,018
31.	Lithuania	2,426,183
32.	Luxembourg	2,142,603
33.	Malawi	Not Submitted
34.	Malaysia	10,965,086
35.	Maldives	126,035
36.	Montenegro	126,035
37.	Morocco	1,732,988
38.	Netherlands	43,387,710
39.	Paraguay	Not Submitted
40.	Qatar	8,475,885
41.	Romania	9,830,767
42.	Somalia	31,509
43.	South Africa	7,688,164
44.	Sudan	315,089
45.	UAE (United Arab Emirates)	20,008,131
46.	United States	Not Submitted
47.	Vietnam	2,930,325

1. Performance of States According to Fifth Sub-Indicator: Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights

The fifth sub-indicator identifies four criteria that member states must achieve to demonstrate their contribution to the promotion of human rights during their tenure in the Council. These criteria are: the adoption of national human rights strategies and plans; the existence of an elected legislative body; the acceptance of more than 75% of recommendations within the Universal Periodic Review mechanism; and the establishment of a national human rights institution compliant with the Paris Principles. Contributing to the promotion of human rights involves various measures, including the adoption of national strategies and plans that set ambitious goals to be achieved within specific time frames. The presence of an elected legislative body is crucial, as it allows for the proposal and approval of legislation that addresses human rights issues. Additionally, fulfilling pledges accepted during the Universal Periodic Review adds significant value to a state's efforts to promote fundamental rights and freedoms. Moreover, having a national human rights institution that complies with the Paris Principles is an effective tool for monitoring human rights development and identifying challenges faced by government institutions in meeting their obligations. The table below shows the position of countries on the four sub-criteria set by the index to measure the country contribution to promoting human rights.

Table (9): Stance of Member States on Four Sub-Criteria for Strengthening Human Rights

State	Human Rights Strategy/Plan	Elected Legislative Body	Percentage of Accepted Recommendations in Last Review	National institution According to Paris principles
Albania	×	√	%94.4	√
Algeria	×	√	%74.5	√
Argentina	- √	√	% 94.4	√
Bangladesh	×	× Resolved	%70.1	√ Class B
Belgium	×	√	%82.8	√ Class B
Benin	×	√	%86.8	√
Brazil	- √	√	%99.3	×
Bulgaria	×	√	%82.8	√
Burundi	- √	√	%71.1	√
Cameroon	- √	√	%75.6	√
Chile	√	√	98.5%	√
China	√	√	67.7%	×
Costa Rica	×	√	%91.5	√
Ivory Coast (Côte d'Ivoire)	×	√	%89.9	√
Cuba	×	√	%80.9	×

State	Human Rights Strategy/Plan	Elected Legislative Body	Percentage of Accepted Recommendations in Last Review	National institution According to Paris principles
Dominican Republic	-√	√	71%	×
Eritrea	×	×	43%	×
Finland	-√	√	73.4%	√
France	×	√	77.2%	√
Gambia	√	√	%93.2	√
Georgia	-√	√	90.2%	√
Germany	√	√	%81.2	√
Ghana	×	√	88.9%	√
Honduras	-√	√	91%	√
India	×	√	65.2%	√
Indonesia	√	√	76.2%	√
Japan	×	√	%60	×
Kazakhstan	-√	√	% 87.3	√ Class B
Kuwait	×	×	%76.1	×
Kyrgyzstan	√	√	% 83.2	√ Class B
Lithuania	-√	√	% 92.2	√
Luxembourg	×	√	%91.3	√
Malawi	-√	√	82.7%	√
Malaysia	-√	√	52.3%	√
Maldives	×	√	72.2%	√ Class B
Montenegro	×	√	91.5%	√ Class B
Morocco	-√	√	75.8%	√
Netherlands	-√	√	94.6 %	√
Paraguay	-√	√	96.2%	√
Qatar	√	×	%65.9	√
Romania	×	√	82.8%	×
Somalia	-√	√	%90.1	×
South Africa	-√	√	%91.8	√
Sudan	-√	×	%86.2	×
UAE (United Arab Emirates)	×	√	%61.3	×
United States	×	√	%80.7	×
Vietnam	×	√	79%%	×

√- According to the first criterion, it means that the state has a national human rights strategy

√ - It means that the state has a national strategy, but it has not caused it

According to the index measuring countries' contributions to promoting human rights, out of the 47 member states, 22 have yet to issue national human rights strategies and action plans. Eighteen countries have a national plan but have not updated it, while only seven countries, representing 14.9% of the total member states, have adopted national human rights strategies. As indicated by the data from the 47 member states of the Council, 42 countries have a legislative body elected by their citizens, while 5 countries lack such a body. The reasons for the absence of elected legislative bodies vary from country to country. Table Nine illustrates the member states of the Human Rights Council that do not have an elected legislative body.

Table (10): Stance of Five Countries on Elected Legislative Body

State	Stance on Elected Legislative Body:
Bangladesh	Parliament was dissolved by a decision from the head of state in August 2024.
Eritrea	Last legislative elections in country were held in February 1994, according to data from the Inter-Parliamentary Union.
Qatar	Shura Council became appointed as of November 2024.
Sudan	Last legislative elections in the country were held in April 2015.
Kuwait	National Assembly was dissolved by a royal decree in May 2024.

Regarding compliance with the Paris Principles, it is noted that only 28 member states possess a national human rights institution classified as (A) by the Global Alliance of National Human Rights Institutions. This classification indicates that these institutions comply with the principles relating to the status of national human rights institutions. In contrast, 6 countries have institutions classified as (B), while 13 countries do not have any national human rights institution that meets the criteria for either classification.

Furthermore, it is evident that among the member states of the Council, 35 countries exceeded 75% in the acceptance of recommendations during their last review under the Universal Periodic Review mechanism. However, 12 countries did not meet this threshold, resulting in a loss of points allocated according to this fifth sub-indicator. Table 10 outlines the recommendations submitted to each country and the number of recommendations fully accepted during their most recent review.

Table (11): Stance of Countries on Recommendations Made in UPR

State	Recommendations Submitted	Accepted Recommendations (Fully)
Albania	197 ² (3)	186
Algeria	290	216
Argentina	287	271
Bangladesh	301	211
Belgium	308	255
Benin	258	224
Brazil	306	304
Bulgaria	233(3)	193
Burundi	287	204
Cameroon	291	220
Chile	329	324
China	428	290
Costa Rica	212(3)	194
Ivory Coast (Côte d'Ivoire)	247(3)	222
Cuba	361	292
Dominican Republic	256	182
Eritrea	293	126
Finland	193	168
France	355	274
Gambia	(3) 222	207
Georgia	285(3)	257
Germany	346	281
Ghana	298	265
Honduras	223	203
India	339	221
Indonesia	269	205
Japan	300	180
Kazakhstan	(3)245	214
Kuwait	302(3)	230
Kyrgyzstan	232	193
Lithuania	232(3)	214
Luxembourg	254	232
Malawi	232	192
Malaysia	348	182

² The number (3) indicates that the recommendations submitted to the state indicate that the recommendations are in accordance with the third and not the fourth review .

State	Recommendations Submitted	Accepted Recommendations (Fully)
Maldives	259	187
Montenegro	247	226
Morocco	306	232
Netherlands	254	165
Paraguay	210	202
Qatar	270(3)	178
Romania	251	208
Somalia	273	246
South Africa	293	269
Sudan	283(3)	244
UAE (United Arab Emirates)	323	198
United States	347	280
Vietnam	291	241

The data shows that the 12 countries failing to accept 75% of the recommendations are distributed as follows: eight from the Asia-Pacific region, three from the African Group, and one from the Western European and Others Group.

Table (12): Countries That Did Not Accept 75% of Recommendations

State	Rate of Accepted Recommendations
Burundi	%71.1
Eritrea	%43
Algeria	%74.5
Bangladesh	%70.1
China	%67.7
India	%65.2
Japan	%60
Malaysia	52.3%
Maldives	%72.2
Qatar	%65.9
UAE (United Arab Emirates)	%61.3
Finland	73.4%

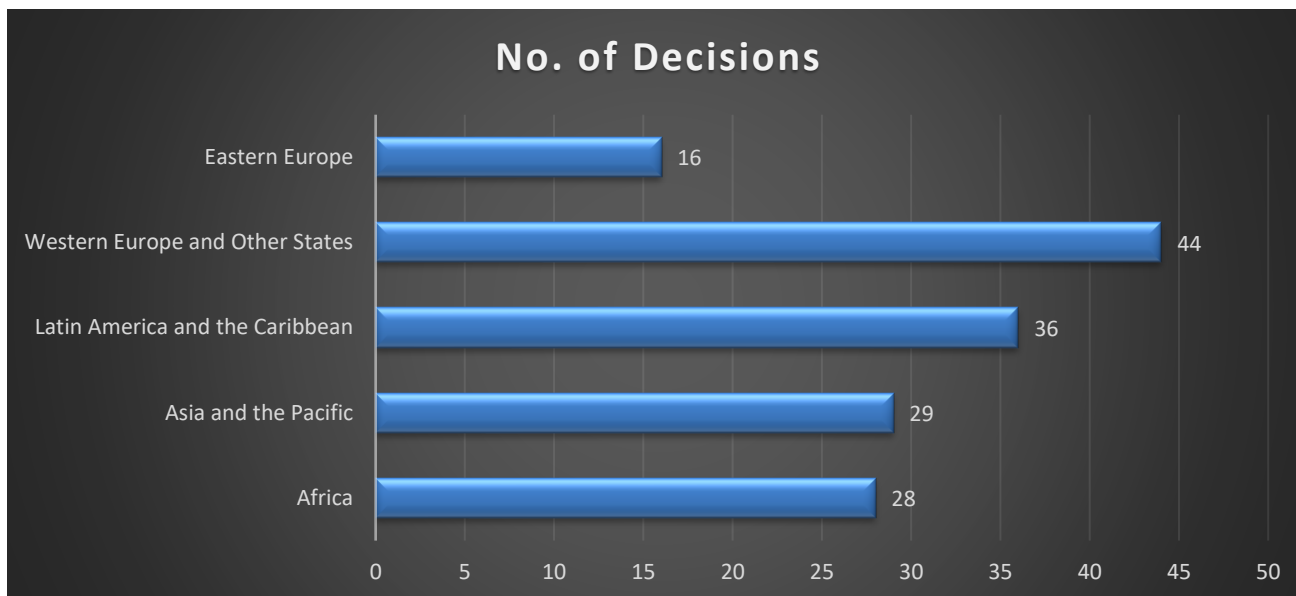
Second: Geographical Classification of Performance of Member States in Human Rights Council



The membership of the Human Rights Council is based on a fair geographical distribution as established by the United Nations. Consequently, Council seats are allocated as follows: 13 seats for African countries, 13 for Asian countries, 8 for Latin America and the Caribbean, 7 for Western Europe and other countries, and 6 for Eastern Europe.

In terms of activity within the Council, member states from the Western Europe and Others Group were the most active, drafting and sponsoring a total of 44 resolutions during the three sessions. Latin American and Caribbean countries followed with approximately 36 resolutions, while Asia-Pacific countries sponsored about 29 resolutions. African countries contributed around 28 resolutions, making them less active compared to their Western counterparts. Lastly, countries from Eastern Europe were among the least active, sponsoring only about 16 resolutions in the Human Rights Council throughout 2024. The accompanying figure illustrates the number of resolutions sponsored by each geographical group, highlighting the differences in engagement levels among the regions.

Figure (13): Geographical Distribution of Decision Sponsorship



In 2024, all Member States made a total of 3,144 oral statements during the three sessions of the Human Rights Council. The geographical group of Asia and the Pacific was the most active, contributing significantly to these statements, with three countries—China, India, and the Maldives—accounting for 40.2% of the total oral statements from this region. Conversely, Eastern European countries made the fewest oral statements during the year.

Table (13): Number of Regional Group Participations in 2024

Regional Group	Number of States	Number of Participations
Africa	13 countries	848
Asia and the Pacific	13 countries	1012
Latin America and the Caribbean	8 countries	471
Western Europe and Other States	7 countries	532
Eastern Europe	6 countries	281

The data indicates that 42 Member States of the Human Rights Council made voluntary pledges when they applied for Council membership, while only five countries did not submit such pledges, all of which belong to the African regional group. Additionally, 21 countries responded to country visits by special procedures, whereas 26 member states did not provide any response in 2024. In terms of engagement with communications from special procedures, 24 countries responded, while 23 countries remained unresponsive.

Table (14): Classification of Regional Groups According to Third Index

Regional Group	Number of countries that submitted voluntary pledges	Number of countries that interacted with country visits	Number of countries that interacted with special procedure communications
Africa	8	3	3
Asia and the Pacific	13	7	7
Latin America and the Caribbean	8	6	9
Western Europe and Other States	7	3	3
Eastern Europe	6	2	2

Regarding contributions to the budget, there was a notable convergence among geographical groups concerning the timely payment of regular budget shares to the United Nations. Five countries from the Western Europe and Others Group paid their contributions on time, alongside four countries from Asia and the Pacific and three from the African Group. A key observation is that the United States, which holds the largest share of the regular budget, did not fulfill its payment obligations in 2024. The accompanying table illustrates the contributions of various countries to United Nations budget and the human rights pillar.

Table (15): Classification of Regional Groups According to Fourth Index

Regional Group	Countries that paid on due date	Countries that paid after due date	Countries that Did not Pay
Africa	3	6	4
Asia and the Pacific	4	9	0
Latin America and the Caribbean	1	5	2
Western Europe and Other States	5	1	1
Eastern Europe	1	5	0
Total	14	26	7

When examining the classification of countries based on the fifth sub-indicator, which measures contributions to the promotion of human rights, it is evident that countries in the Asia-Pacific region have adopted the most national human rights plans. In contrast, African countries have the highest number of elected legislatures, and these countries also accepted more than 75% of the recommendations in their last review under the Universal Periodic Review mechanism. The table provides a geographical classification of these three criteria within the fifth sub-indicator.

Table (16): Classification of Regional Groups According to Sub-Criterion for National Institutions in Index Five

Regional Group	Countries with a national human rights plan	Countries with an elected legislative body	Countries that accepted more than 75% of recommendations in UPR
Africa	5 countries	11 countries	10 countries
Asia and the Pacific	7 countries	10 countries	5 countries
Latin America and the Caribbean	Two states	8 countries	7 countries
Western Europe and Other States	4 countries	7 countries	6 countries
Eastern Europe	4 countries	6 countries	6 countries

With respect to national human rights institutions that comply with the Paris Principles, the African Group has 10 member states with institutions classified as (A). Similarly, Latin America and the Caribbean, as well as the Western Europe and Others Group, each have five national human rights institutions with the same classification. The table further details the countries with institutions classified as (B) and those that do not have any institutions meeting either classification.

Table (17): Classification of Regional Groups According to Sub-Criterion for National Institutions in Index Five

Regional Group	Number of countries with institutions classified as (A)	Number of countries with institutions classified as (B)	Number of countries without institutions that comply with the Paris Principles
Africa	10	0	3
Asia and Pacific Ocean	4	4	5
Latin America and Caribbean Sea	5	0	3
Western Europe and other countries	5	1	1
Eastern Europe	4	1	1
Total	28	6	13

Third: Performance Status of Human Rights Council Member States in 2024



Albania



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	20	20
	56th Cycle	25	
	55th Cycle	34	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with special procedures	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations ? during the last review	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			55

Algeria



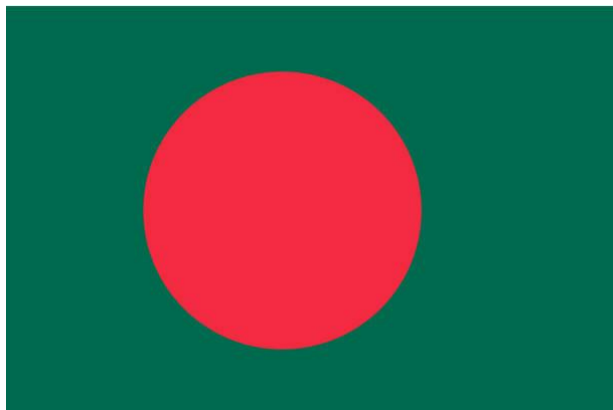
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	41	20
	56th Cycle	34	
	55th Cycle	41	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with special procedures	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations ?	×	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			55

Argentina



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	6	0
	56th Cycle	6	
	55th Cycle	10	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with special procedures	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact بإيجابية	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted before due date		0
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	-√	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations ?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			25

Bangladesh



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle		0	0	
	56th Cycle		1		
	55th Cycle		1		
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle		26	20
		56th Cycle		25	
		55th Cycle		28	
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
		Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	20
		Interacting with special procedures		Interacted Twice	
		Interacting with communications		Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		submitted on due date			10
		Submitted after entitlement period		√	
		Not Submitted			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points	
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		×	0	
	Does the state have an elected parliament ?		×		
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review ?		×		
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?		B		
Total Points Achieved on Index				50	

Belgium



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	20
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	5	
Second Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	23	20
	56th Cycle	29	
	55th Cycle	30	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with special procedures	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review ?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	B	
Total Points Achieved on Index			75

Benin



First Indicator	Sub-	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	0	0
		56th Cycle	0	
		55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	9	0
		56th Cycle	6	
		55th Cycle	4	
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
		Submitting voluntary pledges	Did not submit	5
		Interacting with special procedures	Interacted for once	
		Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		submitted on due date	√	20
		Submitted after entitlement period		
		Not Submitted		
Fifth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
		Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
		Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
		Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review ?	√	
		Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index				40

Brazil



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	4	5
	56th Cycle	2	
	55th Cycle	2	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	26	20
	56th Cycle	18	
	55th Cycle	22	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with special procedures	تفاعلت لثلاث مرات	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted before due date		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√ -	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review ?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			65

Bulgaria



First Indicator	Sub-	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	2	5
		56th Cycle	1	
		55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	10	15
		56th Cycle	9	
		55th Cycle	12	
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
		Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
		Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
		Interacting with communications	Interacted	
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		submitted on due date	√	20
		Submitted after entitlement period		
		Not Submitted		
Fifth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
		Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
		Does the state have an elected parliament ?	√	
		Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review ?	√	
		Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index				65

Burundi



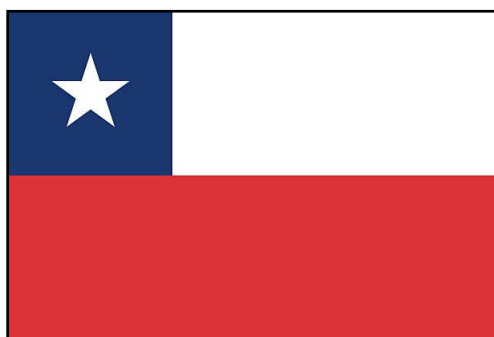
First Indicator	Sub-	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	0	0
		56th Cycle	0	
		55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle	7	0
		56th Cycle	5	
		55th Cycle	12	
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
		Submitting voluntary pledges	Did not submit pledges	0
		Interacting with special procedures	Did not Interact	
		Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		Submitted before due date		10
		Submitted after entitlement period	√	
		Not Submitted		
Fifth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
		Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	10
		Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
		Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
		Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index				20

Cameroon



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	22	20
	56th Cycle	30	
	55th Cycle	20	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with special procedures	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted before due date		0
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	20
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			45

Chile



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	2	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	16	15
	56th Cycle	16	
	55th Cycle	25	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Providing voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted Twice	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted before entitlement period		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	20
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			70

China



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle		2	0	
	56th Cycle		0		
	55th Cycle		0		
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle		68	20
		56th Cycle		52	
		55th Cycle		68	
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
		Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	10
		Interacting with special procedures		Interacting once	
		Interacting with communications		Did not interact positively	
		Other positive initiatives			
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		submitted on due date			10
		Submitted after entitlement period		√	
		Not Submitted			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points	
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		√	10	
	Does the state have an elected parliament?		√		
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?		×		
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris		×		
Total Points Achieved on Index				50	

Costa Rica

First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	3	5
	56th Cycle	2	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	13	20
	56th Cycle	19	
	55th Cycle	29	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with special procedures	Interacted Twice	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			70

Côte d'Ivoire



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	12	15
	56th Cycle	19	
	55th Cycle	8	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with special procedures	Interacted Twice	
	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date		0
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Cuba



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	15
	56th Cycle	2	
	55th Cycle	3	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	52	20
	56th Cycle	36	
	55th Cycle	51	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			75

Dominican Republic



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	2	
Second Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	9	15
	56th Cycle	7	
	55th Cycle	14	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	×	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Eritrea



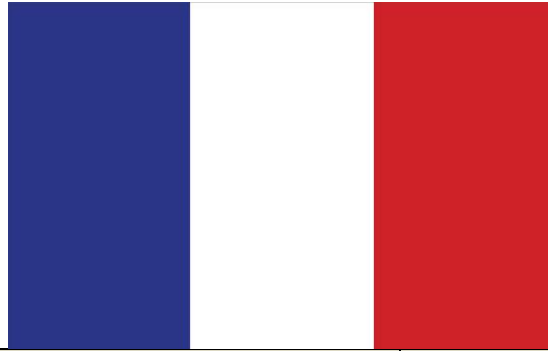
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	12	15
	56th Cycle	19	
	55th Cycle	25	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	submitted on due date		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	0
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	×	
	Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	×	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			35

Finland



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points		
		57th Cycle	2	5		
		56th Cycle	0			
		55th Cycle	2			
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points	
			57th Cycle	8	0	
			56th Cycle	5		
			55th Cycle	7		
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
			Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15	
			Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once		
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Interacting with communications		Does not apply	Achieved Points	
		Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget		
			Submitted on time	√		20
			Submitted after entitlement period			
	Not Submitted					
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points		
		Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√ -	10		
		Does the state have an elected parliament?	√			
		Has the state accepted 70% of the recommendations in the last review?	×			
		Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√			
Total Points Achieved on Index				50		

France

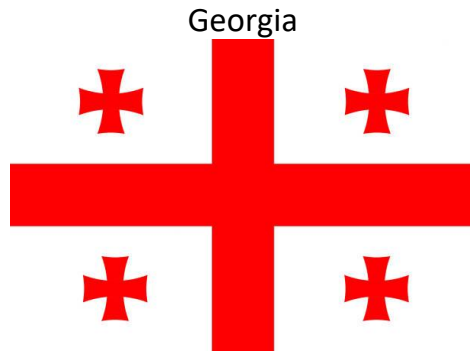


First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle		5	15
	56th Cycle		0	
	55th Cycle		2	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle		24	20
	56th Cycle		28	
	55th Cycle		52	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits		Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications		Interacted Positively	10
	Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time			
	Submitted after entitlement period		√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?		√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?		√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?		√	
Total Points Achieved on Index				70

Gambia



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	4	20
	56th Cycle	4	
	55th Cycle	4	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	21	20
	56th Cycle	41	
	55th Cycle	33	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Did not submit	0
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact Positively	0
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	20
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			80



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	16	20
	56th Cycle	17	
	55th Cycle	33	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	Achieved Points
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time		
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Not Submitted		10
	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√		
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Germany



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	6	20
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	4	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	17	15
	56th Cycle	12	
	55th Cycle	23	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted twice	
Fourth Indicator Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	20
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			95

Ghana



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	26	20
	56th Cycle	26	
	55th Cycle	12	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Did not submit	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	10
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time		
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Honduras



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	22	20
	56th Cycle	17	
	55th Cycle	17	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once	
Fourth Sub-Indicator	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time		
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			60

India



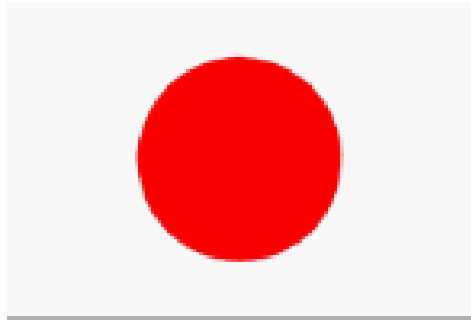
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points		
	57th Cycle		0	0		
	56th Cycle		0			
	55th Cycle		0			
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points	
		57th Cycle		40	20	
		56th Cycle		35		
		55th Cycle		44		
Third Indicator	Sub-	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
		Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	5	
		Interacting with country visits		Did not Interact		
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Interacting with communications		Did not Interact	20	
		Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget		Achieved Points
		Submitted on time		√		
		Submitted after entitlement period				
Fifth Sub-Indicator		Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points		
		Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		×	10	
		Does the state have an elected parliament?		√		
		Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?		×		
		Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?		√		
Total Points Achieved on Index				55		

Indonesia



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	34	20
	56th Cycle	19	
	55th Cycle	25	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	20
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			65

Japan



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator	Sub- Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	15	15
	56th Cycle	11	
	55th Cycle	13	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator	Sub- Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	10
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time		
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Not Submitted		
	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×		
Total Points Achieved on Index			40

Kazakhstan



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	15
	56th Cycle	3	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator	Sub- Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	8	0
	56th Cycle	8	
	55th Cycle	11	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator	Sub- Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	20
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	
	Submitted on time	√	
	Submitted after entitlement period		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√ -	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	B		
Total Points Achieved on Index			45

Kuwait



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	23	20
	56th Cycle	27	
	55th Cycle	24	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted three times	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	×	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			65

Kyrgyzstan



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle	1	5	
	56th Cycle	3		
	55th Cycle	0		
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle	4	0	
	56th Cycle	5		
	55th Cycle	8		
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15	
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once		
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively		10
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points	
	Submitted on time			
	Submitted after entitlement period	√		
	Not Submitted			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points	
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	15	
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√		
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√		
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	B		
Total Points Achieved on Index				45

Lithuania



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	8	0
	56th Cycle	9	
	55th Cycle	10	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√		
Total Points Achieved on Index			45

Luxembourg



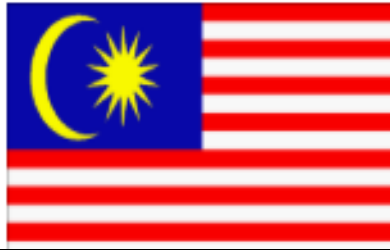
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	37	20
	56th Cycle	28	
	55th Cycle	40	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Does not apply	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			75

Malawi



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle	1	5	
	56th Cycle	0		
	55th Cycle	2		
Second Indicator	Sub- Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle	28	20	
	56th Cycle	31		
	55th Cycle	29		
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5	
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact		
Fourth Indicator	Sub- Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	0	
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget		Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		0	
	Submitted after entitlement period			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Not Submitted	√	15	
	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √		15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√		
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√		
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√			
Total Points Achieved on Index			45	

Malaysia



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	34	20
	56th Cycle	27	
	55th Cycle	25	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	15
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted for once	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted	Interacted Positively	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	-√	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√		
Total Points Achieved on Index			55

Maldives



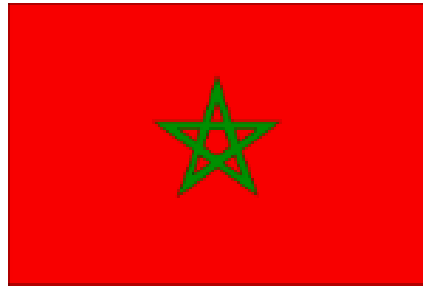
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	2	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	33	20
	56th Cycle	33	
	55th Cycle	34	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted Twice	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Interacting with communications	Interacted	
	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	B		
Total Points Achieved on Index			60

Montenegro



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle		2	0	
	56th Cycle		0		
	55th Cycle		0		
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle		11	0
		56th Cycle		6	
		55th Cycle		13	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
	Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	10	
	Interacting with country visits		Did not Interact		
	Interacting with communications		Interacted Positively		
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		Submitted on time			10
		Submitted after entitlement period		√	
		Not Submitted			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points	
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		×	10	
	Does the state have an elected parliament?		√		
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?		√		
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?		B		
Total Points Achieved on Index				30	

Morocco



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	3	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator	Sub- Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	26	20
	56th Cycle	32	
	55th Cycle	38	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted twice	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator	Sub- Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	B(
Total Points Achieved on Index			65

Netherlands



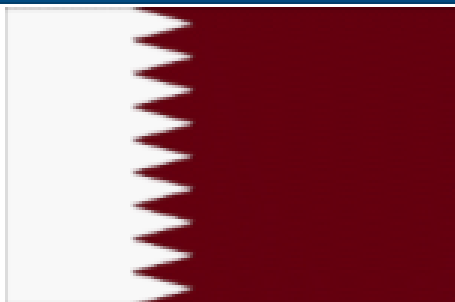
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	3	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	12	20
	56th Cycle	13	
	55th Cycle	15	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time	√	20
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	-√	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			70

Paraguay



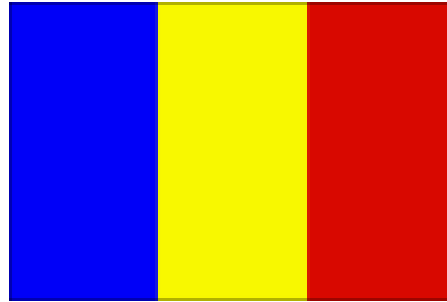
First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator	Sub- Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	10	20
	56th Cycle	15	
	55th Cycle	15	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator	Sub- Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		0
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

QATAR



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	24	20
	56th Cycle	26	
	55th Cycle	32	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	√	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	×	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			45

Romania



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship		Number of Decisions	Achieved Points	
	57th Cycle		4	5	
	56th Cycle		1		
	55th Cycle		0		
Second Indicator	Sub-	Participation in Events		Number of Participations	Achieved Points
		57th Cycle		14	20
		56th Cycle		14	
		55th Cycle		20	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives		Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points	
	Submitting voluntary pledges		Submitted	10	
	Interacting with country visits		Did not Interact		
	Interacting with communications		Does not apply		
Fourth Indicator	Sub-	Contribution to Budget		Position on Budget	Achieved Points
		Submitted on time			10
		Submitted after entitlement period		√	
		Not Submitted			
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights			Achieved Points	
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?		×	10	
	Does the state have an elected parliament?		√		
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?		√		
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?		×		
Total Points Achieved on Index				55	

Somalia



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	0
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	2	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Did not submit	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively		
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	- √	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			25

South Africa



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	2	5
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	20	20
	56th Cycle	27	
	55th Cycle	41	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	-√	15
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	√	
Total Points Achieved on Index			60

Sudan



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	1	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	29	20
	56th Cycle	20	
	55th Cycle	27	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	-√	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	×	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			40



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	1	0
	56th Cycle	1	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	25	20
	56th Cycle	16	
	55th Cycle	11	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	20
	Interacting with country visits	Interacted Twice	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	5
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	×	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			55

USA



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	4	15
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	3	
Second Indicator Sub-Indicator	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	45	20
	56th Cycle	33	
	55th Cycle	51	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	5
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Did not Interact Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		0
	Submitted after entitlement period		
	Not Submitted	√	
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×		
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Vietnam



First Sub-Indicator	Decision Sponsorship	Number of Decisions	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	0	0
	56th Cycle	0	
	55th Cycle	0	
Second Indicator Sub-	Participation in Events	Number of Participations	Achieved Points
	57th Cycle	23	20
	56th Cycle	23	
	55th Cycle	25	
Third Sub-Indicator	Voluntary Pledges and Positive Initiatives	Position on Pledges and Initiatives	Achieved Points
	Submitting voluntary pledges	Submitted	10
	Interacting with country visits	Did not Interact	
	Interacting with communications	Interacted Positively	
Fourth Indicator Sub-	Contribution to Budget	Position on Budget	Achieved Points
	Submitted on time		10
	Submitted after entitlement period	√	
	Not Submitted		
Fifth Sub-Indicator	Contribution to Promotion of Human Rights		Achieved Points
	Does the state have a national human rights strategy and plan?	×	10
	Does the state have an elected parliament?	√	
	Did the state accept 75% of the recommendations?	√	
	Does the state have a national institution according to the principles of Paris?	×	
Total Points Achieved on Index			50

Priority Recommendations

Maat recommends that Member States:

- **Consider launching campaigns to urge UN General Assembly to make the Human Rights Council an independent body.** General Assembly should be encouraged to take serious steps toward transforming the Human Rights Council into an independent entity during the evaluation scheduled for 2025-2026. This transformation would enhance the Council's effectiveness and independence in addressing human rights issues.
- **Maat recommends that States consider establishing national human rights institutions that are fully compliant with the Paris Principles.** It is essential for countries to create institutions that rigorously adhere to these principles to ensure their independence and effectiveness in protecting human rights.
- **Strengthening cooperation between Member States and civil society is crucial:** Effective collaboration should be expanded during and after the term of States' membership in the Council to facilitate knowledge exchange and enhance transparency in addressing human rights issues.
- **Studying and analyzing proposals submitted by civil society and human rights experts:** Member States of the Council shall study and analyze the proposals of civil society and human rights experts practice aims to improve and develop the Council performance in promoting human rights on a global scale.
- **Increase support for High Commissioner for Human Rights:** It is necessary for the council member states to avoid the use of double standards or politicization in their interventions during the council's sessions, to ensure that discussions on human rights are objective, fair, and comprehensive.
- **Avoiding duality of standards and politics in interference:** Member States should avoid double standards and politicization in their interventions during Council sessions. Ensuring that discussions on human rights are objective, fair, and comprehensive is crucial for the integrity of the Council's work.
- **Study preparation of national human rights strategies and plans:** States should work to develop ambitious national strategies and action plans that enhance the protection of human rights within their territories. Setting clear and measurable goals will help ensure continued progress in this area.
- **Promoting human rights education and awareness initiatives:** Member states of the Council must enhance educational and awareness initiatives of human rights at the level of the interior and abroad, which enhances the understanding of human rights and the commitment of states to its principles.
- **Encouraging States to adhere to international human rights mechanisms:** It is necessary to encourage countries to adhere to international human rights treaties and mechanisms, such as includes submitting regular reports to relevant UN bodies and participating in periodic reviews, which contribute to accountability and transparency.

- **Enhancing youth participation in human rights issues should be prioritized:** Encouraging the involvement of young people in the Council's discussions and decision-making processes is important for fostering a new generation of human rights defenders.
- **Expanding accountability mechanisms for Council member states:** Strengthening these mechanisms will ensure that member states adhere to their commitments to protect human rights and effectively implement international recommendations.